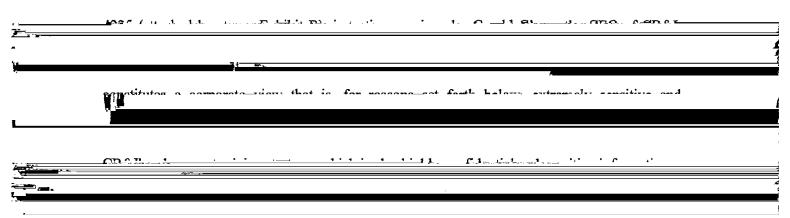
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BEFORE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION



	The All The Law House, and the Committee of the Committee
In the Matter of	
CHICAGO BRIDGE & IRON COMPANY N.V.,	
a foreign corporation,	
CHICAGO BRIDGE & IRON COMPANY,)	
a corporation,	Docket No. 9300
and)	PUBLIC RECORD
PITT-DES-MOINES, INC.,	
a corporation.	
RESPONDENTS: MOTION FOR IN CAMERA	TDE ATMENT OF CERTAIN TRIAL
TESTIMON	
D 1 . "ODAT" (C11	

protective order directing *in camera* treatment for certain trial testimony containing confidential and sensitive information given in this proceeding, pursuant to Rule 3.45(b) of the Federal Trade Commission Rules of Practice, 16 C.F.R. § 3.45(b).

1. The testimony that is the subject of this motion, namely Trial TR. 4224-



(1977); H.P. Hood & Sons, Inc., 58 F.T.C. 1184, 1188 (1961). According to this authority, applicants for in camera treatment must make a "clear showing that the information concerned is sufficiently secret and sufficiently material to their business that disclosure would result in serious competitive injury." General Foods Corp., 95 F.T.C. at 355.

outside of the party's business; (2) the extent to which the information is known by employees and others involved in the business; (3) the extent of measures taken by the party to guard the

amount of effort or money expended by the party in developing the information; and (6) the ease or difficulty with which the information could be properly acquired or duplicated by others. *Bristol-Meyers Co.*, 90 F.T.C. at 456. In addition, "[t]he likely loss of business advantages is a good example of a 'clearly defined, serious injury." *Hoechst Marion Russel, Inc.*, 2000 F.T.C. LEXIS 138 at *6 (2000) (citing *General Foods*, 95 F.T.C. at 355).

	4. Once the determination has been made that a document will receive in	
/ 1 - 1 - 1		
	3.45(b).	
	5. On December 16, 2002, CB&I CEO gave testimony indicating CB&I's views of its competitors in terms of these competitors' ability to compete in the LNG market.	
	Mr Glaps noted that hadid not view cortain competitors on "fines" competitors and noted the	
å	subsequent pricing strategy.	
	There are two seems under which this testiment could demand CD D. To	
-	husingger First, the competitors shout whom Mr. Glann testified will in assence be able to	
	market, and would undoubtedly lose business if it appeared that CB&I believed its competitors	
	market, and would undoubtedly lose business if it appeared that CB&I believed its competitors were better in the LNG market. Second, customers themselves, if given public access to Mr.	

	were better in the LNG market. Second, customers themselves, if given public access to Mr.	
	were better in the LNG market. Second, customers themselves, if given public access to Mr. Glenn's testimony, may interpret this testimony as an indication that CB&I is not narticularly	
	were better in the LNG market. Second, customers themselves, if given public access to Mr. Glenn's testimony, may interpret this testimony as an indication that CB&I is not narticularly would damage CB&I's reputation and ability to win future jobs in LNG.	
	were better in the LNG market. Second, customers themselves, if given public access to Mr. Glenn's testimony, may interpret this testimony as an indication that CB&I is not narticularly would damage CB&I's reputation and ability to win future jobs in LNG. 7. Further, the disclosure of confidential strategic information, such as	
	were better in the LNG market. Second, customers themselves, if given public access to Mr. Glenn's testimony, may interpret this testimony as an indication that CB&I is not narticularly would damage CB&I's reputation and ability to win future jobs in LNG. 7. Further, the disclosure of confidential strategic information, such as	

Glenn is of the type reserved only for high-level strategic meetings and documents, and would not be casually expressed within the company.

- 9. CB&I has spent considerable money keeping competitive and pursuing LNG projects.
- 10. CB&I's competitors have no way of knowing that CB&I's views are those expressed by Mr. Glenn on December 16, 2002 in this proceeding.
- 11. This motion is supported by the affidavit of Gerald Glenn, CEO of Chicago Bridge & Iron, attached hereto as Exhibit A

WHEREFORE, CB&I respectfully requests that the Commission enter an Order granting *in camera* treatment of the trial testimony of Gerald Glenn at Trial Tr. 4221-4225, and all testimony on cross-examination and redirect examination that references this testimony or elicits similar testimony, for a period of three (3) years.

Dated: December 30 3000

Parnantfuller auhmittad

Duane M. Kelley

Jeffrey A. Leon

Greg J. Miarecki

Lance Lange

Winston & Strawn

35 W. Wacker Drive

Chicago, IL 60601-9703

(312) 558-5600 (voice)

(312) 558-5700 (fax)

dkelley@winston.com

jleon@winston.com

gmiareck@winston.com



	1400 L Street, N.W. Washington D.C. 20005
	(202) 216-8600 (fax) nsulaima@winston.com
 .	Counsel for Respondents

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I Jance Lange hereby certify that on this 20th day of December 2002 I served a true and correct copy of Respondents' Motion for *In camera* Treatment of Certain Trial Testimony, by hand delivery upon:

Cappytane of the Commission

Room H-159 Washington, D.C. 20580

and hy fay and hand delivery unon:

Rhett Krulla Acting Assistant Director Bureau of Competition Federal Trade Commission 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Room S-3602 Washington, D.C. 20580

Steven L. Wilensky Federal Trade Commission 601 Pennsylvania Avenue. N.W.

Room S-3618 Washington, D.C. 20580

Lance Lange

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BEFORE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

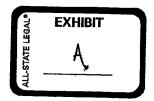
In the Matter of	
CHICAGO BRIDGE & IRON COMPANY N.V.,))
a foreign corporation,))
CHICAGO BRIDGE & IRON COMPANY,))
a corporation,	Docket No. 9300
and	
PITT-DES-MOINES, INC.,	
a corporation.	
PROPOSED ORDER GRANTING RESPONDED TREATMENT OF CERTAIN	
Pursuant to Commission Rule 3.45(b)	, Respondents ("CB&I") have filed a motion
for in camera treatment of certain trial testimony g	
mori of a fithman (2) was as	Wal To 4001 4005 (Mal 17 Dart 2) for a
ORDERED:	D. Michael Chappell
	Administrative Law Judge
Date: 2002	

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BEFORE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

CHICAGO BRIDGE & IRON COMPANY N.V.,)
a foreign corporation,)
CHICAGO BRIDGE & IRON COMPANY,)
E	<u>)</u>
ana)
PITT-DES-MOINES, INC.,)
a corporation.)
	1

- I am Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Chicago Bridge
 & Iron (CB&I).
 - 2. On December 16, 2002, I gave sworn testimony in this proceeding

which would cause a competitive injury to CB&I if on the public record. CB&I is very concerned about competition in the LNG market, and is concerned that it will lose business if it appears to customers that CB&I believes its competitors are better in the LNG market. CB&I is concerned that this would damage CB&I's reputation and ability to win future jobs in LNG.



5. The views I expressed are not known outside of CB&I, and constitute highly confidential executive level strategic information. I typically reserve such statements for high-level strategic meetings and documents, and would not casually express these views even within the company.

6. CB&I has spent considerable money remaining competitively strong and pursuing LNG projects.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America

Executed on 12/17/02

Hold William

IN CAMERA

