092-3142

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

COMMISSIONERS:

Jon Leibowitz, Chairman Pamela Jones Harbour William E. Kovacic J. Thomas Rosch

In	the	Matter	of

COLLECTIFY LLC, a limited liability company.

DOCKET NO. C-

COMPLAINT

)

The Federal Trade Commission, having reason to believe that Collectify LLC ("respondent") has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act, and it appearing to the Commission that this proceeding is in the public interest, alleges:

- 1. Respondent Collectify LLC ("Collectify") is a Delaware corporation with its principal office or place of business at 235 East 73rd Street, Suite 3C, New York, New York 10012.
- 2. Respondent is in the business of selling comprehensive cataloguing software to consumers over the internet, including through a website (<u>www.collectify.com</u>).
- 3. The acts and practices of respondent as alleged in this complaint have been in or affecting commerce, as "commerce" is defined in Section 4 of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

4.

U.S.-EU SAFE HARBOR FRAMEWORK

- 5. The U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework provides a method for U.S. companies to transfer personal data outside of Europe that is consistent with the requirements of the European Union Directive on Data Protection ("Directive"). Enacted in 1995, the Directive sets forth European Union ("EU") requirements for privacy and the protection of personal data. Among other things, it requires EU Member States to implement legislation that prohibits the transfer of personal data outside the EU, with exceptions, unless the European Commission ("EC") has made a determination that the recipient jurisdiction's laws ensure the protection of such personal data. *See* Directive 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (Oct. 24, 1995), available at http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:31995L0046:EN:HTM L. This determination is commonly referred to as meeting the EU's "adequacy" standard.
- 6. To satisfy the EU adequacy standard for certain commercial transfers, the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") and the EC negotiated the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor Framework, which went into effect in 2000. The Safe Harbor allows U.S. companies to transfer personal data lawfully from the EU. To join the Safe Harbor, a company must self-certify to Commerce that it complies with seven principles and related requirements that have been deemed to meet the EU's adequacy standard.
- 7. Companies under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), as well as the U.S. Department of Transportation, are eligible to join the Safe Harbor. A company under the FTC's jurisdiction that self-certifies to the Safe Harbor principles but fails to implement them may be subject to an enforcement action based on the FTC's deception authority under Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act.
- 8. Commerce maintains a public website, www.export.gov/safeharbor

- 10. In October 2004, respondent did not renew its self-certification to the Safe Harbor, and Commerce updated respondent's status to "not current" on its public website. Until July 2009, respondent did not renew its self-certification to the Safe Harbor and was in "not current" status on Commerce's website. (Exhibit A, Declaration of Damon C. Greer).
- 11. Since at least September 2001 to the present, respondent has disseminated or caused to be disseminated privacy policies and statements on the <u>www.collectify.com</u> website, including, but not limited to, the following statements:

This Privacy Policy complies with the U.S. Department of Commerce Safe Harbor Privacy Principles, as approved by the European Commission. Collectify is in the process of certifying its compliance with the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Exhibit B, Oct. 2001 Privacy Policy; Exhibit C, Feb. 2003 Privacy Policy; Exhibit D, Dec. 2004 Privacy Policy; Exhibit E, Dec. 2005 Privacy Policy; Exhibit F, Dec. 2008 Privacy Policy.

- 12. Through the means described in Paragraph 11, respondent represented, expressly or by implication, that it is seeking self-certification to, or is a current participant in, the Safe Harbor.
- 13. In truth and in fact, from October 2004 to July 2009, respondent did not seek selfcertification to, and was not a current participant in, the Safe Harbor. Therefore, the representations set forth in Paragraph 11 were, and are, false or misleading.
- 14. The acts and practices of respondents as alleged in this complaint constitute unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting