a coporation	
--------------	--

COMPLAINT

Pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act and the Clayton Act, and by virtue of the α thority vested in it by said Acts, the F

those independed bottlers are Pepsi Bottling Grup, hc. ("PBG"), and PepsiAmedras, hc. ("PAS"). Some of the PepsiCo carbotred soft drink brads distributed by PBG and PAS are Pepsi-Cola, Diet Pepsi, Mountain Dew, Diffeountain Dew, Sierr Mist, and MugRoot Bee.

- 3 PepsiCo in 2009 had total worldwide revues from the sale of laproducts of about \$43 billion. PepsiCo's United States sales in 2009 of carbonated soft drink concentrate totaled about \$3 billion.
- 4. PepsiCo is, and at all times relevant herein has been, engaged in commerce, or in activities affecting commerce, within the meaning of Section 1 of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. § 12, and Section 4 of threederal TradeCommission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.

II. Third Party Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc.

- 5. DPSG is a corpotion organized, exiting and doing business under ad by virtue of the laws of the State of Daware, with its office and principal place of business locate at 5301 Legacy Drive, Plano, Treas 75024.
- 6. Among other things, DPSG produces concentrate (or syrup) for the DPSG carbonated soft dink beveage brands that are marketed, distributed, and sold brydependent bottlers. Two of those in pendent bottlers a PBG and PAS. Some of the DPSG broamated soft drink brands distributed bryBG and PAS, in at least some territories and Pepper Diet Dr Pepper, Crush, Schrees, Canadary, and Venor's.
- 7. DPSG in 2009 had total reversulerom the sale of all products of about \$6 billion. DPSG's United States sales in 2009 of all boa at el soft drink conentrate totaled about \$1.5 billion.
- 8. DPSG is, and at all times relevant herein has been, engaged in commerce, or in activities affecting commerce, within the meaning of Section 1 of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. § 12, and Section 4 of threederal TradeCommission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.

III. Th ird Parties Pepsi Bottling Group, Inc., and PesiAmericas, Inc.

- 9. Third paties PBG and PAS at the two largest independently owned bottlers of the carbonated soft drink brands of PepsiCo. BG and PAS together account for about 75% of the United States sales PepsiCo's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States and based 20% of the United States sales of Pas G's brands of account and based 20% of the United States 20% of the United States
- 10. PBG is a orporation organized, exiting and doing business under not by virtue of the laws of the State of Daware, with its office and prinipal placeof business locateat One Pepsi WaySomers, New York 10589. PBG United States sales in 2009 bifcarbonated soft drink brands totateabout \$6 billion.

- 11. The geographicareas or territories in which PBGs licensed to distribute the carbonated soft dink brands of PepsiCo include ar a portion of 41 states at the District of Columbia. The principal geographic areas or territories in which PBG is licensed to distribute the carbonated soft drink brands dDPSG include Atlanta, Goegia; Washington, D.C.; Baltimore, Maryland; Buffalo and Rochester, New York; Hartford, Connecticut; Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minnesota; Tulsa, Oklahoma; DenCelorado; Salt Lake City, Utah; San Francisco, California; Sacarmento, CaliforniaSeattle, Washington; Portland, Gooa; and various cities in Forida.
- 12. PBG accounts forabout 56% of ses of PepsiCo's United States bottler-distributed caronated soft dink brands and brout 15% of DPSG's United States bottler-distributed caronated soft dink brands.
- 13. PAS is a coporation organized, exiting and doing business under rad by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, with its office and principal place of business boated at 4000 RBC Plaza, 60 SoruSixth Street, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402. PAS's United States sales in 2009 offlacarbonated soft drink brads totaled about \$2.5 billion.
- 14. The principal geographic areas or territories in which PAS is Icensed to distribute the carbonated soft drink brands of PepsiCo include all or a portion of 19 staterimarily in the Midwest. The gographicareas or territories in which PAS is licensed to distribute the carbonated soft dink brands of IPSG include Kansas Citty ansas and Missouri; and Cleveland, Ohio.
- 15. PAS is responsible for about 19% of sets of PepsiCo's United States bottler-distributed caronated soft dink brands and brout 5% of sals of DPSG's United States bottler-distributed caronated soft dink brands.

IV. PepsiCo's Proposed Acquisition of PBG and PAS

- 16. On or about August 3, 2009, PepsiCo entered into separate agreements with PBG and PAS to acquire all of their outstanding voting securities and equity interests
- 17. At the time of the agreements, PepsiCo had almout a 40% equity interest in PBG and about a 40% equity interest in PAS.
- 18. Under the terms of the separate license agreements entered into between DPSG (or its predeessorcompanies) with PBG and PAS, ahrange of ownership of thosenatities would, depending upon the brand and/or teritory, either automatically trigger the termination of the license agreement with DPSG or require that DPSG consent to the acquisition of the license by the new owner.
- 19. The proposed acquisition by PepsiCo of all outstanding voting securities of PBG and PAS would give PepsiCo control over them, and is the kind of change inownership of PBG and PAS that, upon consummation, would either the period the automatic termination clause or

requirethat DPSG consent to the chiga. For brand Dr Peppe, DPSG did not consent to the transfer of the licenses held by PBG and PAS to RepsiCo. For certain DPSG brands, the proposed change in ownership of PBG and PAS automatically terminated the DPSG licenses.

V. PepsiCo's Proposed Acquisition of DPSGLicenses

- 20. On or about December 7, 2009, in anticiption of the termination of the PSG-PBG and DPSG-PASitenseagreements, PepsiCo and DBSenteed into an argement for PepsiCo, upon acquiring BG and PAS, to obtain a license to distribute the Dr Pepp Crush, and Schwepes cabonated soft drink brands of DPSG in the former PB and PAS territorise.
- 21. Under the terms of the PepsiCo DPSGlicense agreement, among other things, (a) PepsiCo willacquie the exclusive right to sell and distribute the Dr Pepperush, and Schwepps cabonated soft dink brands in the PB@and PAS territories.bl the stated ten of the licenseagreement is twenty(20) years, with a provision that it be "automatilyarenewed for additional twenty (20) year successive periods" for "no additional payments," (c) PepsiCo will acquire a nonexclusive right to producthe DrPepper, Crush,ned Schweppse cabonated soft drink brands in the PB and PAS territorise, and (d)PepsiCo willpayDPSG \$900 million.
 - 22. Pursuant to the PepsiCo-Desicenseagreement, PepsiCo and DPSG entered

B. Relevant Geographic Markets

25. The relevant geographic markets in which to assess the feeds of the PepsiCo-DPSG license transtion and the sesociated preformance agreement terms, in both relevant product makets, are(a) the United States as we hole and (b) local areas in the PBG red PAS territories.

C. Conditions of Entry

- 26. Entry into each relevant market would not be timely, likely, or sufficient to prevent or mitigateanyanticompetitive effect.
- 27. Effective (piice constraining) entryrequires that brands calbonated soft dinks be deliveed by direct-store-doordelivery. There are generally only three bottlers in the local carbonated soft dink markets that have exclusive rights to distribute their broked carbonated soft drink products, rad they do so by direct-store-doordelivery. Bottlers ope at eunder favor restrictions imposed upon them by concentrate companies PepsiCo, DPSG, and The Coca-Cola Company ("Coke"). The bottless therefore are not permitted to carry the new band of an existing flavor without first dropping the brand of that flavor that they currently carry. For the cola flavor, the bottlers of PepsiCo and Coke are quired to carry Pepsi-Cola and Codaela, respectively, as well as no other cola flavored carbonated soft dink.
- 28. There is no market fobrandel concentrate other than for the prodution of brandel cabonated soft dinks.

D. Market Structure

- 29. Each relevant marke is highly concentrated, whethermeasure by the Herfindahl-Hirschman hodex ("HHI") or by two-firm and four-firm concentration ratios.
- 30. The carbonated soft drink braids of PepsiCo and DPSG are **tinst** and second choices for a substantial number of consumers

VII. Ef fects of the Acquisition

31. PepsiCo's access to competitivelysensitive confidential information provided by DPSG to PepsiCo in furtherace of the DPSG - PepsiCochenseagreement, or the use by PepsiCo of competitively ensitive information passed to it DPSG in furtherace of the DPSG-PepsiCo license agreement, may substantially lesson competition in the relevant markets in some or all of the following ways, among others: