ANAL YSIS OF AGREEMENT CONTAINING CONSENT ORDERS TO AID PUBLIC COMMENT In the Matter of DaVita, Inc., File No. 111-0103

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission") has accepted, subject to find approval, an Agreement Containing Consent Orde ("Consent Agreement") from DaVita Inc. ("DaVita"). The purpose of the Consent Agreement is to remedishe anticompetitive tests resulting from DaVita's purchase of CDSII Holding CompanyInc. ("DSI"). Under the terms of the Consent Agreement, DaVita is required to divest 28 diasys clinics and terminate or meanagement contract in 22 markets across the United States.

The Consent Agreement has been pla

many ESRD patients are not viable insplant condidates. As aesult, many ESRD patients have no alternative to ongoing dialysis treatments.

The relevant geographic markets for the provision of dials is services as local in nature They are limited by the distance ESRD patients are illing and/or able to trave to receive dialysis treatments. Most ESRD patients are quite ill and striff m multiple health problems. As such, it is difficult for ESRD patients to traveng distances for dialysis treatment. Generally, ESRD patients are unilling and/or unable to trave further than 30 miles or 30 minutes to reduce dialysis treatments, depeting on taffic pattens, local geography, and the patient's proximity to the nearst center. As a result, competition amondialysis clinics occurs at a local level, corresponding to metropolitan areas or subsets theore.

Entry into the outpatient diasy's services makets addressed by the Consent Argement on a levesufficient to deteor counteract the likelyanticompetitive effects of the proposed transaction is notlikely to occur a timelymanner. The primary barrier to entry is the difficulty associated with locating nephrologists with established patient pools to serve as medical directors. By law, each dialysis dinic must have a nephrologist medical director. As a practical matter, medical directors are essential to the success of a tinic because they are the primary source of referrals. The lack of available nephrologists with an established entry is also inhibited where certain attributes (such as a rapidly growing ESRD population, a favorable regulatory environment, vaerage or below nursing and laborcosts, and a low pretration of managed care) are not present, sais the casen many of the geographic markets identified in the Commission's complaint.

Each of the geographic markets addressed by the Consent Agreement is highly concentrated. The proposed aquisition represents a meger to monopolyin one market and would cause the number of providers to droprom threato two in fifteen other markets. Additionally, concentration increases significantly in the remedic 27.8400 0.0000 T3re)

As part of these divestitures, DV at a is required to obtain the argement of the medial directors affiliated with the divested clinics to continue priding physician services after the transfer of ownership to Frazier/NEA. Similarly, the Consent Agreement requires DaVita to obtain the consent of all lessors necessary to assign the ease for the eal property associated with the divested clinics to Enzier/NEA. Thee provisions ensure that Fazier/NEA will have the assets rocessary to operate the divested limits in a competitive manner

The Consent Argement contains servel additional provisions designed to source that the divestitures arsucessful. First, the Consent Areement provides Fazier/NEAwith the opportunity to interview and hire employees affiliated with the divested dinics and prevents DaVita from offering these enployees in entives to define Frazier/NEA's offer of employment. This will ensure that fazier/NEAhas acess to patient are and superisory staff who are familiar with the dinics' patients and the lad physicians. Second, the Consentrement prevents DaVita from contrating with the medial directors (or their practice groups) afiliated with the divested dinics for three years. This provides Frazier/NEA with sufficient time to build goodwill and a working relationship with its medical directors before DaVita can attempt to capitalize on its prior retionships in soliciting their sevices. Third, to ensure ontinuity of patient care and records as Frazier/NEA implements its quality care, billing, and supply systems, the Consent Agreement allows Dalita to provide transition serves for a period of 12 months. Firewalls and confidentiality agreements have been established to ensure that competitively sensitive information is not exchanged. Fourth, the Consent Agreement requires DaVita to provide Frazier/NEAwith a licenseto use DSs policies, proedures, and medidaprotocols, as well as the option to obtain Data's medicaprotocols, which will furtherenhane Frazier/NEA's ability to provide continuity of care to patients. Finally the Consent Ameement requires DaVita to provide prior notice to the Commission of its planned acquisitions of dialysis clinics located in the 22 markts addresseby the Consent Argement. This provision ensures that subsequent acisitions do not adverbeimpact competition in the markeat issue and undermine the emedial goals of the purposed orde

The Commissions satisfied that Pazier/NEA is a quitied acquirer of the divested assets. Dials Newco, Inc. is a newly-formed companywhose management has received assets and developing outpatient dials clinics. The companyas received assubstantial equition vestment from Fazier, afirm with a dedicated bcus on healthcae, and NEA, the world's largest ventur apital frm with over \$10.5 billion under management.

The Commission has appointed Richard Shermer of R. Shermer & Co. as an Interim Monitor to oversethe transition service-greements, and the implementation office-dacompliance with, the Consent Argement. Mr. Shermeassists client companies ungothing regulator-mandated ownership transitions, including experience with transitions of outpatient dialysis clinics.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the Consent Agreement, and it is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the purposed Deision and Order or the Order to Maintain Assets, or to modify their terms in any way.