# Green Guides Summary of Proposal

### **Proposed Revisions to Claims Currently Addressed by Guides**

## General Environmental Benefit (e.g., "green," "eco-friendly")

- Marketers should not make unqualifed general environmental beneft claims. They are diffcult, if not impossible, to substantiate. (The current Guides state that marketers can make unqualifed claims if they can substantiate all express and implied claims. Otherwise, they should qualify the claim.)
- Qualifications should be clear and prominent, and should limit the claim to a specific beneft.
   Marketers should ensure the advertisement's context does not imply deceptive environmental claims. (In the current Guides, this guidance appears only in examples.)

#### **Certifications and Seals of Approval**

- This new section emphasizes that certifications/ seals are endorsements covered by the Commission's Endorsement Guides and provides new examples illustrating how those Guides apply to environmental claims (e.g., marketers should disclose material connections to the certifier). (The current Guides address certifications/seals in only one example in the general environmental beneft section. 16 CFR 260.7, Example 5.)
- Because an unqualifed certification/seal (one that does not state the basis for certification) likely conveys a general environmental beneft claim, marketers should use clear and prominent language limiting the claim to particular attribute(s) for which they have substantiation. (This provision highlights guidance already provided in current Guides' Example 5 6 #

should qualify a degradable claim unless it can substantiate that the "entire product or package will completely breakdown and return to nature within a reasonably short period of time after customary disposal.")

 Marketers should not make unqualifed degradable claims for items destined for landflls, incinerators, or recycling facilities because decomposition will not occur within one year.

#### Compostable

• The proposal clarifes that the time period referenced in the current Guides for an unqualifed compostable claim ("All materials in product/package will break down into, or otherwise become a part of, usable compost . . . in a safe and *timely manner* . . .") means that a product or package will break down in approximately the same time as the materials with which it is composted.

#### Ozone-Safe/Ozone-Friendly

• The proposal contains minor updates to examples to refect changes in regulations concerning ozone-depleting chemicals.

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#### Recyclable

- The proposal highlights the three-tiered analysis for disclosing the limited availability of recycling programs. (*This guidance currently appears in examples only.*)
  - "Substantial majority" of consumers/ communities have access to recycling facilities — Marketer can make an unqualifed recyclable claim.
  - 2. "Significant percentage" of consumers/ communities have access to recycling facilities — Marketer should qualify recyclable claim (e.g., package may not be recyclable in your area).
  - 3. Less than a "significant percentage" of consumers/communities have access to recycling facilities Marketer should qualify recyclable claim (e.g., product is recyclable only in the few communities that have recycling programs).

#### Free-of/Non-Toxic

- Free-of: This new section expands the current guidance, advising that even if true, claims that an item is free-of a substance may be deceptive if: (1) the item has substances that pose the same or similar environmental risk as the substance not present (currently covered in an example); and (2) the substance has never been associated with the product category (new guidance). Also, under certain circumstances, free-of claims may be appropriate even where an item contains a de minimis amount of a substance (new guidance). Free-of claims may convey additional environmental claims, including general beneft or comparative superiority claims (new guidance).
- **Non-toxic:** Such claims likely convey that an item is non-toxic both for humans and for the environment generally. (*This guidance was in an example in the general environmental beneft section.*)