

April 11, 1988

Wayne Kaplan, Esq.

Pederal Trade Commission Sixth Street & Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Room 315 Washington, D.C. 20580

Dear Mr. Kaplan:

I am writing to confirm the informal advice you gave me over the telephone today concerning the scope of the premerger notification requirements under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act.

The transaction in question involves the formation of a joint venture in the form of a limited partnership in which GP is to be the general partner, with LPI and LP2 as limited partners.

GP is a corporation LPI is a limited partnership affiliated with GP, and LP2 is a testamentary trust (and the beneficiaries of that trust) with no affiliation to either GP or LPI.

LP2 currently holds 200 of the 500 outstanding shares in a private Corporation X with no established market value. The parties value those shares, in the venture, at approximately \$84 pilliping 10 milliping obliquing the part

estate of which these shares form a part. LP2 also holds claims against Y, the majority shareholder of Corporation X, for various breaches of Y's fiduciary duties as majority shareholder which effect the value of the shares.

GP, LPl and LP2 intend to form a partnership for the purpose of seeking to enhance the value of the 200 shares, by the of Corporation X. In forming the partnership, LP2 will contribute the companion of the companion X shares and its

contribute another \$55 million. LPl will be entitled to withdraw

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\$70 million of this \$72 million, subject to certain conditions. The remaining \$2 million of the initial contribution by GP and LP1 will be retained by the partnership to cover expenses associated with the pursuit of the claims.

Following its formation, the partnership expects to pursue LP2's claims against Y. It is essential to GP and LP2 that they form a partnership with LP1, rather than simply purchase LP2's shares in Corporation X, in order to be assured of LP2's cooperation in pursuit of the claims, including LP2's standing in any litigation. The partnership agreement will provide that if the pursuit of claims is successful, or if either GP or LP1 is otherwise successful in liberating the shares from the burdens imposed by Y and Corporation X, GP and LP1 will contribute an additional \$10 million to the partnership, which LP2 will also be entitled to withdraw.

The partnership agreement will further provide that GP and LPI will be entitled to 80% and LP2 the other 20% of any gains attributable to the venture. If the partnership is dissolved without a sale of the shares of Corporation X, LP2 will be entitled to receive 20% of the shares in Corporation X that it originally contributed; GP and LP1 will be entitled to the remaining partnership assets.

You confirmed that the formation of the partnership and

Please do not nesitate to call me il you nave any questions or wish to discuss this matter further.

Sincerely,

Warnor Kaplan 4/11/88