

October 26 1995

VIA FACSIMILE AND MAIL

Hy_David Rubenstein, Esq.

Premerger Notification Office Room 303 Sixth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20580

Re: Application of Hart-Scott-Rodino

Premerger Notification Requirements to

Dear Mr. Rubenstein:

We write to confirm our understanding of the Federal Trade Commission's position concerning the applicability of Hart Scott Rodino premerger notification obligations to the formation of a Limited Liability Company ("LLC") under Delaware law. Our understanding is based on a series of conversations which you and

interest. One of the parties is a corporation, which will participate in the LLC through several of its corporate subsidiaries and one of its unincorporated divisions. The other party is an individual. At the time of the LLC's formation, the corporate party, through its unincorporated division and corporate subsidiaries, will contribute cash and intellectual property rights. The individual party will contribute intellectual property rights.

The unincorporated division of the corporate owner will act

decisions for the LLC. The Board of Representatives will consist



of the individual owner, or employees or directors of a corporate entity which he controls. and employees or directors of the corporate owner, or one or more of its corporate subsidiaries.

Given the above facts, it is likely that a Hart Scott filing would be required if the transaction is viewed as "the formation of a joint venture or other corporation" under §801.40 of the Commission's Hart Scott Rules. However, if the formation of the LLC is treated like the formation of a partnership, no filing would be necessary because the Commission does not view the formation of a partnership as a reportable transaction.

Based on our conversations, we understand that the Commission would <u>not</u> view the above-described LLC formation (and the attendant contribution of assets to the LLC) as a reportable

owner, which is to act as manager, is to set policy for the LLC, it must act through an employee of the corporate owner or one of that pwner's subsidiaries affiliates or divisions. If, on the

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individual owner owns a portion of the LLC.

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Board representatives would also have to be employees of the

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Please advise if the foregoing is in any way inconsistent with the Commission's position on the applicability of Hart Scott premerger notification requirements to LLC formations, or, if it is your view that a Hart Scott filing would be required for the transaction we have described.

Thank you for your continuing helpful advice and guidance on this matter.

