

and that no IPP will own, following the closing of the MRA, more than 5% of the then outstanding Common Stock, except for one group of affiliated IPPs which will hold not more

Stock. [REDACTED] has been told that approximately half of the IPPs presently plan to sell their shares immediately. [REDACTED] Common Stock is presently trading in the \$12-13 range.

[REDACTED] and the IPPs believe that, assuming the IPPs

Obviously, should any individual IPP's investment intent subsequently change, a filing would be required prior to the acquisition of any additional shares. In furtherance of the conclusion that no filings will be required, we additionally noted the following:

1. Each IPP who will receive 2% or more of the Common Stock pursuant to the MRA is required to sign a 5 year standstill prohibiting them from seeking to acquire control of [REDACTED], acquiring more than an additional 5% of the outstanding stock (with an absolute limit of 9.9%) or acting to control [REDACTED] or its management, board of directors, policies or affairs. All shares held by such 2% holders will be voted on a pass-through basis (e.g., in the same percentages as all other holders), except for certain extraordinary transactions and, when there is a pending proposal to acquire [REDACTED] for directors.

2. In approving the MRA, the New York Public Service Commission (the "PSC"), in its written order dated March 20, 1998, stated, in response to the objections of one intervenor to [REDACTED] issuing Common Stock to the IPPs, that the "proponents have convincingly demonstrated that the [IPP] cannot use their combined interests in the company to improperly influence its operations. Were they to attempt

to do so, we would investigate any such circumstances and take proper steps to preclude improper manipulations of the competitive market."

3. As with other New York State utilities, [REDACTED]

Company is not established, to file a detailed plan analyzing other proposals regarding its nuclear facilities including feasibility of an auction, transfer and/or divestiture. Thus, the PSC is requiring [REDACTED] to exit the non-nuclear electric power generation business in which the

4. As we finally noted on our call, the MRA did permit the following IPP input into the selection of two directors to fill two vacancies on [REDACTED]'s board: [REDACTED] and the IPPs jointly selected a nationally recognized executive search firm who developed a list of qualified individuals unaffiliated with either [REDACTED] or any IPP. While [REDACTED] and the IPPs were free to make suggestions, the search firm had the sole determination of which individuals were on the list. From that list, [REDACTED] and the IPPs mutually agreed on a final list of 10 individuals, with [REDACTED] to fill its two vacancies from that list (which [REDACTED] is doing, although the identity of the two individuals is unknown to the IPPs). Once elected for a three year term at the 1998 annual meeting, there is no further agreement with the IPPs with respect to directors. Both [REDACTED] and the IPPs feel this limited input into the selection of totally unaffiliated [REDACTED] should not affect the [REDACTED] available under

Based on the above facts, you expressed the initial view, subject to review of this letter, that the IPPs' acquisitions of [REDACTED] common stock pursuant to the MRA

Richard B. Smith, Esq.

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would be exempt from Hart-Scott filing requirements under
§ 7A(c)(9) and § 802.9. Please call me at [REDACTED]
or [REDACTED] if you disagree with the
conclusion that the acquisitions would be exempt.

Very truly yours,
[REDACTED]