

	August 11, 1999	圕	: :::
VIA MESSENGER			
Mr. Michael Verne Premerger Notification Office		J	
Federal Trade Commission (th. & Pennsylvania Account MW)		T: ()	A A

Thank you very much for your time on August 5, 1999, to discuss with me and the informal interpretation of the Premerger Notification Office ("PNO") concerning the applicability of the secondary acquisition requirement as it relates to consolidations. This letter will confirm the substance of our telephone conversation.

As we discussed, the state of the proposed business combination with the proposed business and Notification Form on the same day. As described in the filing, and intend to combine their respective businesses into a newly-formed corporation corporated ("Parent").

The transaction between and and structured as a "merger of

be the surviving corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent (flee Merger"); (3) By virtue of the and outstanding and the surviving ger, all of the issued and outstanding with the surviving the surviving the surviving the surviving ger, all of the issued and outstanding with the exchanged for newly issued Parent

Incorporated will be the name of the combined entity after the transaction is consummated, See Exhibit C of the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated July 15, 1999, (the "Agreement") attached as

reters to the Heights improporated, which is the original and current name of the improporated will be renamed incorporated after the transaction is consummated. For our purposes, the two entities are synonymous and their names interchangeable.

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shares, and presently existing the shares will cease to exist: and (4) Parent's shares of SubA and SubC will be converted into newly issued and shares. Shareholders will receive one share of Parent common stock for each share of common stock and control archolders will receive 0.765 shares of Parent common stock in each share of common stock.—In addition, each outstanding share of control referred stock will be converted into the right to receive one share of Parent preferred stock. As a result of this transaction, will be wholly-owned subsidiaries of Parent.

Egran thought and and and ill not loss their was consolidation identities

Although the reportability of the above transaction is not in question, questions whether it must file a separate Premerger Notification and Report Form for its "acquisition" of any minority voting security interests currently held by According to Section 801.4(a) of the HSR rules, "[w]henever as a result of an acquisition (the "primary acquisition") an acquiring person will obtain control of an issuer which holds voting securities of another issuer which it does not control, then the acquisition of

will lose their corporate identities as a result. The example states that "[s]ince no participating corporation in existence prior to the consummation is the designated surviving corporation, "A" and "B" are each both acquiring and acquired persons by virtue of §801.2(d)(2)(iii). The acquisition of the minority holdings of criticis within each are

fact that will not obtain control of as a result of the transaction described above and, therefore, section 801.4(a), by its terms, does not apply. As a result of the consolidation, will not control and a will not control

¹ See Axina, Fogg et al, Acquisitions Under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act, Vol. 1, at 4-59-60 (1988).

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It was our position that the secondary acquisition rule is worded in a manner that always makes it inapplicable to a consolidation.

You agreed with our conclusion that a secondary acquisition filling is not required by the first of this case, but based your conclusion on different reasoning. You indicated that the informal interpretation of the PNO regarding consolidations and secondary acquisitions is that a secondary acquisition filling is required in a consolidation only if both consolidating persons have minority holdings in the same third party issuer. Recognizing that this interpretation stands in stark contrast to the language in example 6 under §801.4(a), you explained that the PNO realized that such an approach was far-reaching and would act to overburden parties seeking to consolidate their businesses into a new

minority interests in the same third party issuer. Newco will hold a greater interest in the third party issuer than either consolidating persons held independently. Thus, the PNO would want to evaluate the competitive implications of this event and would require an HSR filing.

Accordingly, our client is not required to make a secondary acquisition filing in this consolidation, because and and do not hold minority interests in the same third party issuer.

If this letter does not accurately summarize the advice that you gave me as the position of the PNO, I ask that you contact me promptly. Many thanks for your guidance

Agree - No France Recover in the secondary

Acquistions.

Build Description