

Scammers do this to get passwords and bank account numbers or to get someone to send them money. When this happens, your company has a lot to lose. Customers and partners might lose trust and take their business elsewhere — and your business could then lose money.

## TEST YOUR BUSINESS



Make sure your employees email technology. That way, if someone sends an email from your company's server, the receiving servers can confirm the email is really from you. If not, the receiving servers can block the email and foil a business email imposter.



Always install the latest patches and updates. Set them to update automatically on your network. Look for additional means of protection, like intrusion prevention software, which checks your network for suspicious activity and sends you alerts if it finds any.



Teach them how to avoid phishing scams and show them some of the common ways attackers can infect computers and devices with malware. Include tips for spotting and protecting against cyber threats in your regular employee trainings and communications.

# WHAT TO DO

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## IF SOMEONE SPOOFS YOUR COMPANY'S EMAIL

Report the scam to local law enforcement, the FBI's Internet Crime Complaint Center at [IC3.gov](https://www.ic3.gov), and the FTC at [FTC.gov/Complaint](https://www.ftc.gov/complaint). You can also forward phishing emails to [spam@u](mailto:spam@u)