

grant injunctive and other ancillary relief, including rescission or reformation of contracts, restitution, the refund of monies paid, and the disgorgement of ill-gotten monies, to prevent and remedy any violations of any provision of law enforced by the FTC.

R. The Court finds that, absent a permanent injunction, the Defaulting Defendants will likely violate the FTC Act in the future.

S. The Court finds that the equities weigh in favor of granting a permanent injunction, and that such injunction is in the public interest.

T. This Order is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other civil or criminal remedies that may be provided by law.

U. Entry of this Order resolves Plaintiff's claims as to the Defaulting Defendants. Because the Defaulting Defendants are in default, and because entry of final default judgment as to the Defaulting Defendants would aid in the expeditious resolution of the case and is not likely to lead to inconsistent adjudications or logically inconsistent results, there is no just reason for delay in certifying this Order as final pursuant to Rule 54(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Accordingly, the Court expressly directs entry of this Default Final Judgment and Order.

DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this order, the following definitions shall apply:

1. **"Assets"** means any legal or equitable interest in, right to, or claim to, any real, personal, or intellectual property wherever located, including, but not limited to, chattel, goods, instruments, equipment, fixtures, general intangibles, effects, leaseholds, premises, contracts, mail or other deliveries, shares of stock, list of customer names, inventory, checks, notes,

