ANALYSIS OF AGREEMENT CONTAINING CONSENT ORDER TO AID PUBLIC COMMENT

In the Matter of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc., File No. 1510236

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission") has accepted for public comment an Agreement Containing Consent Order ("Consent Order") with Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. ("Valeant") to remedy the alleged anticompetitive effects resulting from Valeant's acquisition of Paragon Holdings I, Inc., including whollyned subsidiaries Paragon Vision Sciences, Inc. and CRT Technology, Inc. ("Paragon").

The Complaint alleges that the acquisition violated Section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amendladge-dialnocal scalar scalar consent Order would remedy the alleged violations by restoring competition in these GP button markets.

Under the terms of the Consent Order, Valeant is required to divest Paragon in its entirety, including the assets of Pelican Products LLC ("Pelican"), a manufacturer of contact lens packaging.

The proposed Consent Order has been placed on the public record for 30 days to solicit comments from intested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After 30 days, the Commission will again review the proposed Consent Order and any comments received, and decide whether the Consent Order should be withdrawn, modified, or made final.

1. THE PARTIES

Valeant is a Canadian conglomerate that develops and markets prescription-and non prescription pharmaceutical products rough its subsidiary Bausch + Lomb, Valeant is a leading producer of GP buttons used to make GP contact lenses. Prior to its acquisition by Valeant in May 2015, Paragon sva United States corporation with its principal place of business in Arizona. Paragon produces GP buttons used to make GP contact lenses and also produces finished GP lenses

After the Paragon acquisition, Valeant also purchased Pelican, a manufacturer of contact lens packaging, and the only producer of Fapproved vials for weshipping finished orthokeratology lenses. Pelican became a subsidiary of Paragon. This acquisition ensured Valeant's

2. THE RELEVANT MARKET

Both parties engage in developing, manufacturing, and selling GP buttons in the United States. The relevant product markets in which to analyze the effects of the acquisition are the manufacture and sale of FDA pproved GP buttons for: orthokeratology GP lenses, which are worn to reshape the cornea; landjameter scleral GP lenses, which cover the white of the eye and are used posturgery, for transplants, and to treat eye disease; and general vision correction GP lensesEach type of GP lens requires button with parameters unique to that have

GP lenses are used, and in some cases are medically necessary, to address a variety of vision problems, including dry eyes, abnormal curvatures of the eye, corneal disease post surgery complications, and eye traunopatical labs use GP buttons to make that tenses to fulfill prescriptions from eye care professionals. Prescriptions typically specify a particular product and brand difutton, and eye care professionals invest significant capital in fitting equipment for the brands they prescribe.

The FDA requires that GP lenses must be made from how oved GP buttons. Thus, there are no alternatives FDA-approved GP buttons for making each of the types of GP lenses and the relevant geographic market is the United States.

Prior to the acquisition, Valeant and Paragon independently produced buttons for all three types of GP leses. In the market for orthokeratology GP buttons, the combination of Valeant and Paragon was a merger to monopoly. In the market for scleral GP buttons, buttons, buttons accounted for 7800 percent of the market the market for general vision correction GP buttons, the combined company arket share was approximately 765 percent

3. EFFECTS OF ACQUISITIONS

The acquisition likely caused significant competitive harm in the relevant markets. Specifically, the acquisition of Paragon eliminated actual, direct, and substantial competition between Valeant and Paragon in the relevant markets for GP buttons and allowed Valeant to unilaterally exercise market power instance, fllowing the acquisition, Valeant increed prices in all three GP button markets.

Prior to the acquisition, Valeant and Paragon also competed on innovation, with the incentiveto develop new GP lens buttoas improve button materials by investing in research, development, and adoption. Thinnovation led to broader product lines, improvements to button materials, and marketing and education funding for optical labs. The acquisition also eliminated this innovation competition between Valeant and Paragon.

4. ENTRY AND EFFICIENCIES

Entry into the relevant market has not been, and would not be, timely, likely, or sufficient to deter or counteract the anticompetitive effects of the acquisition. Optical labs have limited short-term ability to switch from Valeant and Paragon, what pply the majority of their GP scleralbuttons of their GP scleralbuttons of their GP