Results from: Doctor Switching Costs in Health Insurance

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Setting

- A large employer (the University of California) introduced a narrow network option into its largest HMO health plan (HealthNet) in 2011
- Only two differences between broad network and narrow network option
 - Physicians in the network
 - Premium
- Default: Stay in broader network
- Annual premium savings from switching to narrow network range from \$650 (self only) to \$1850 (self plus family)
- Same HMO plan, same co pays, same prescription drug coverage, etc.
- Narrow Network includes university doctors and hospitals (high quality)

Our Focus

- Existing employees who had chosen this insurance plan in 2010 and stayed with the university in 2011 and in 2012
 - Number of observations: 26,400
- We know whether the employee's existing primary care physician will be in the narrow network
 - Also know this for insured family members
- We are working on integrating information about specialists

Switching Rates

| | Full Sample, Year 1 | Full Sample, Year 2 |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | N=26,359 | N=26,359 |
| Stay with Broad Network | 33% | 25% |
| Switch to Narrow Network | 59 | 65 |
| Switch to another plan | 8 | 11 |

Existing Primary Care Doctor Outside/Inside Narrow Network

Existing doctor(s) NOT in NN Existing doctor(s)

What Drives the Decision to Stay in the Broader Network?

| | Keep existing doctor, who is NOT in NN | Inertia/inattention |
|---|---|--|
| Overall percentage | 61% | 39% |
| Effect of observables: | | |
| Income | + | + |
| Age | + | |
| Female | + | |
| Children Covered | | THE THE THE WITH |
| Past Doctor Visits | + | THE THE PARTY OF T |
| Narrow Network Doctors in Home Zip Code | | 0 |